

SKiiP 342 GD 120 - 314 CTV

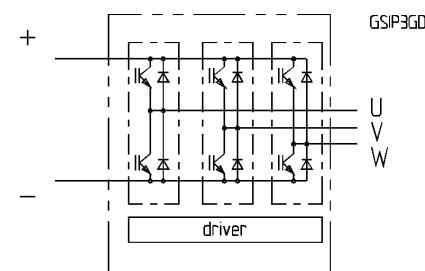
Absolute Maximum Ratings			
Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾	Values	Units
V_{isol} ⁴⁾	AC, 1min	3000	V
$T_{\text{op}}, T_{\text{stg}}$	Operating / stor. temperature	-25...+85	°C
IGBT and Inverse Diode			
V_{CES} ⁵⁾		1200	V
V_{CC} ⁵⁾	Operating DC link voltage	900	V
I_{C}	IGBT	300	A
T_j ³⁾	IGBT + Diode	-40...+150	°C
I_F	Diode	300	A
I_{FM}	Diode, $t_p < 1$ ms	600	A
I_{FSM}	Diode, $T_j = 150$ °C, 10ms; sin	2160	A
I^2t (Diode)	Diode, $T_j = 150$ °C, 10ms	23	kAs ²
Driver			
V_{S1}	Stabilized Power Supply	18	V
V_{S2}	Non-stabilized Power Supply	30	V
f_{smax}	Switching frequency	20	kHz
dV/dt	Primary to secondary side	75	kV/μs

SKiiPPACK®

SK integrated intelligent
Power PACK
3-phase bridge
SKiiP

342 GD 120 - 314 CTV ^{7,9)}

Preliminary Data
Case S3



Characteristics ¹⁾

Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT ¹¹⁾					
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Driver without supply	$\geq V_{\text{CES}}$	—	—	V
I_{CES}	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0$, $T_j = 25$ °C $V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{CES}}$, $T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	0,4	mA
V_{TO}	$T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	1,38	V
r_T	$T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	7,4	mΩ
V_{Cesat}	$I_{\text{C}} = 250$ A, $T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	3,2	V
V_{Cesat}	$I_{\text{C}} = 250$ A, $T_j = 25$ °C	—	—	3,05	V
$E_{\text{on}} + E_{\text{off}}$	$V_{\text{CC}}=600/900$ V, $I_{\text{C}}=300$ A $T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	90/146	mJ
C_{CHC}	per SKiiP, AC side	—	1,4	—	nF
L_{CE}	Top, Bottom	—	15	—	nH
Inverse Diode ²⁾					
$V_F = V_{\text{EC}}$	$I_F = 250$ A; $T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	2,43	V
$V_F = V_{\text{EC}}$	$I_F = 250$ A; $T_j = 25$ °C	—	—	2,55	V
$E_{\text{on}} + E_{\text{off}}$	$I_F = 300$ A; $T_j = 125$ °C	—	—	12	mJ
V_{TO}	$T_j = 125$ °C	—	0,91	—	V
r_T	$T_j = 125$ °C	—	3,8	—	mΩ
Thermal Characteristics ¹⁰⁾					
R_{thjs}	per IGBT	—	—	0,090	°C/W
R_{thjs}	per Diode	—	—	0,250	°C/W
R_{thsa}	P16 heatsink; see case S3	—	—	0,036	°C/W
Driver					
I_{S1}	Supply current 15V-supply	$340+520*f_s/f_{\text{smax}}+3,5*I_{\text{AC}}/A$		mA	
I_{S2}	Supply current 24V-supply	$250+380*f_s/f_{\text{smax}}+2,6*I_{\text{AC}}/A$		mA	
$t_{\text{interlock-driver}}$	Interlock-time	2,3		μs	
SKiiPPACK protection					
I_{TRIPSC}	Short circuit protection	$375 \pm 2\%$		A	
I_{TRIPLG}	Ground fault protection	$87 +/- 2\%$		A	
T_{TRIP}	Over-temp. protection	$115 \pm 5\%$		°C	
U_{DCTRIP} ⁹⁾	U_{DC} -protection	$920 \pm 2\%$		V	
Mechanical Data					
M1	DC terminals, SI Units	4	—	6	Nm
M2	AC terminals, SI Units	8	—	10	Nm

Features

- Short circuit protection, due to evaluation of current sensor signals
- Isolated power supply
- Low thermal impedance
- Optimal thermal management with integrated heatsink
- Pressure contact technology with increased power cycling capability, compact design
- Low stray inductance
- High power, small losses
- Over-temperature protection

¹⁾ $T_{\text{heatsink}} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

²⁾ CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology (soft and fast)

³⁾ without driver

⁴⁾ Driver input to DC link/ AC output to heatsink

⁵⁾ with Semikron-DC link (low inductance)

⁶⁾ other heatsinks on request

⁷⁾ C - Integrated current sensors
T - Temperature protection

⁸⁾ V - 15 V or 24 V power supply options available for driver:
U - DC link voltage sense

F - Fiber optic connector

¹⁰⁾ “_s” referenced to temperature sensor

¹¹⁾ NPT-technology with homogenous current-distribution