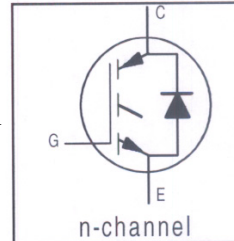


# IRG4BC30FDPbF

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH  
 ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Fast CoPack IGBT



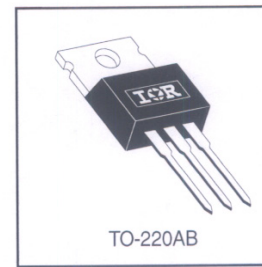
$V_{CES} = 600V$
$V_{CE(on) typ.} = 1.59V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 17A$

### Features

- Fast: Optimized for medium operating frequencies (1-5 kHz in hard switching, >20 kHz in resonant mode)
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than Generation 3
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-220AB package
- Lead-Free

### Benefits

- Generation -4 IGBT's offer highest efficiencies available
- IGBT's optimized for specific application conditions
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBT's. Minimized recovery characteristics require less/no snubbing
- Designed to be a "drop-in" replacement for equivalent industry-standard Generation 3 IR IGBT's



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	31	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	17	
$I_{CM}$	Pulsed Collector Current ①	120	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	120	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	12	
$I_{FM}$	Diode Maximum Forward Current	120	
$V_{GE}$	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	100	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	42	
$T_J$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw.	10 lbf•in (1.1 N•m)	

### Thermal Resistance

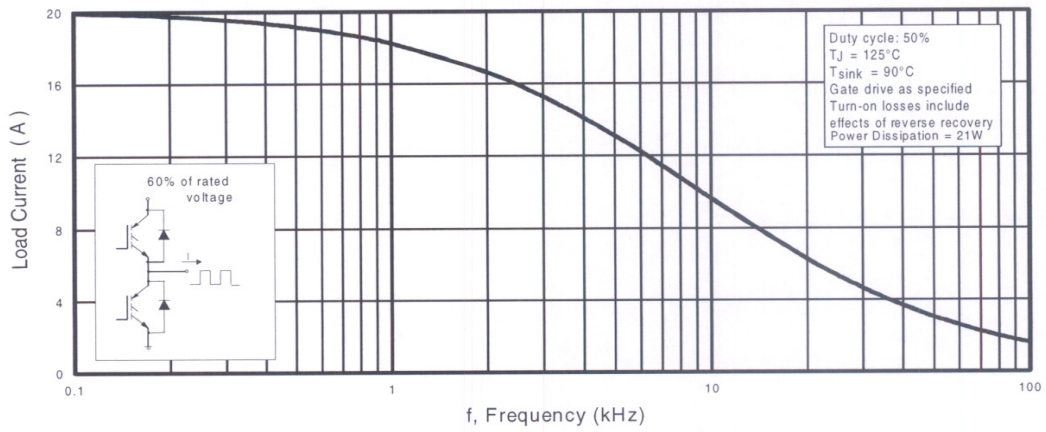
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	-----	-----	1.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	-----	-----	2.5	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	-----	0.50	-----	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	-----	-----	80	
Wt	Weight	-----	2 (0.07)	-----	g (oz)

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

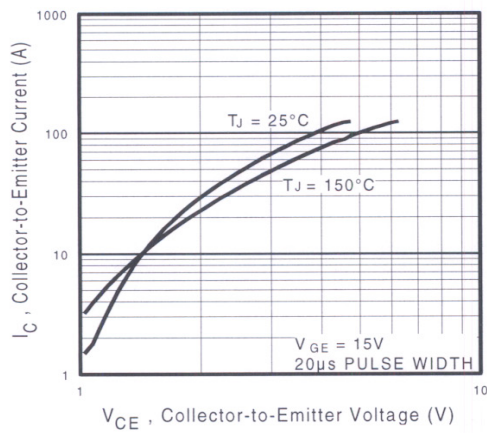
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage <sup>③</sup>	600	----	----	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$DV_{(BR)CES}/DT_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	----	0.69	----	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	----	1.59	1.8	V	$I_C = 17A$ $I_C = 31A$ $I_C = 17A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 2, 5
		----	1.99	----		
		----	1.70	----		
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	----	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$DV_{GE(th)}/DT_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	----	-11	----	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$g_{fe}$	Forward Transconductance <sup>④</sup>	6.1	10	----	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 17A$
$I_{CES}$	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	----	----	250	$\mu A$	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
		----	----	2500		
$V_{FM}$	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	----	1.4	1.7	V	$I_C = 12A$ $I_C = 12A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 13
		----	1.3	1.6		
$I_{GES}$	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	----	----	$\pm 100$	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

## Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

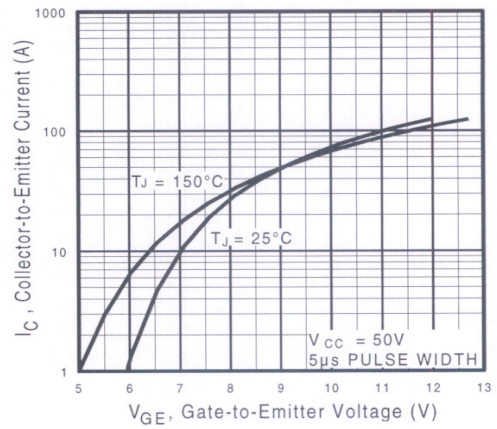
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	----	51	77	nC	$I_C = 17A$ $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 8
$Q_{ge}$	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	----	7.9	12		
$Q_{gc}$	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	----	19	28		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	----	42	----	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 17A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
$t_r$	Rise Time	----	26	----		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	----	230	350		
$t_f$	Fall Time	----	160	230		
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	----	0.63	----		
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	----	1.39	----		
$E_{ts}$	Total Switching Loss	----	2.02	3.9		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	----	42	----	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18 $I_C = 17A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
$t_r$	Rise Time	----	27	----		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	----	310	----		
$t_f$	Fall Time	----	310	----		
$E_{ts}$	Total Switching Loss	----	3.2	----		
$L_E$	Internal Emitter Inductance	----	7.5	----	nH	Measured 5mm from package
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	----	1100	----	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $f = 1.0MHz$ See Fig. 7
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance	----	74	----		
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	----	14	----		
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	----	42	60	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 14
		----	80	120		
$I_{rr}$	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	----	3.5	6.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 15
		----	5.6	10		
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	----	80	180	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 16
		----	220	600		
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During $t_b$	----	180	----	A/ $\mu s$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 17 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 17
		----	120	----		



**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{RMS}$  of fundamental)

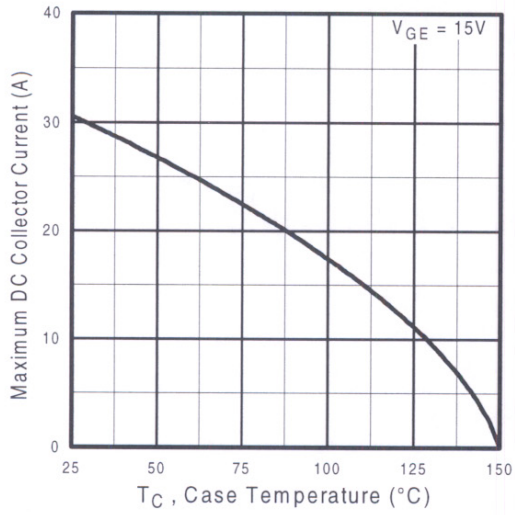


**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**

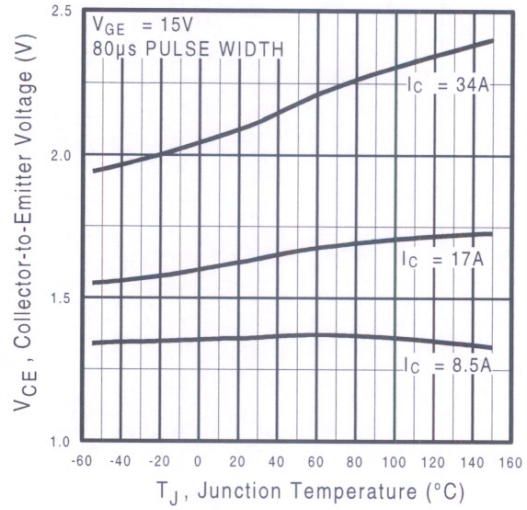


**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

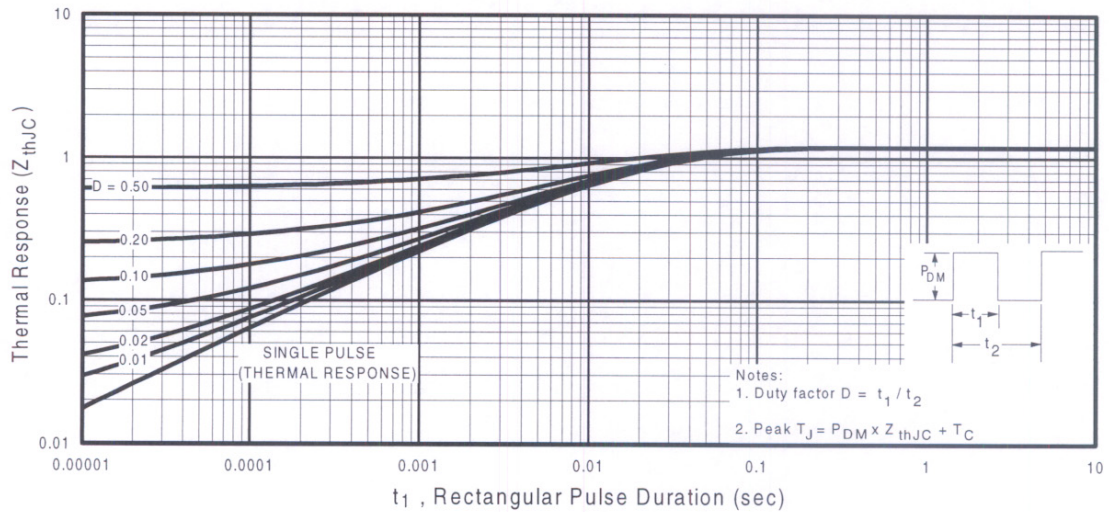




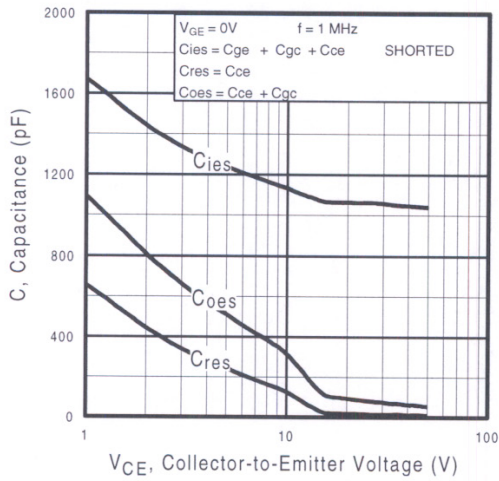
**Fig. 4** - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature



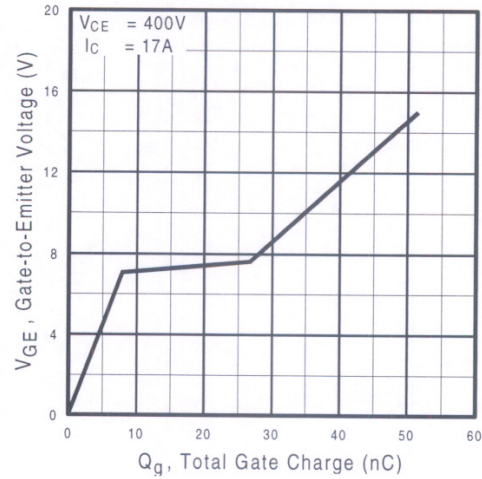
**Fig. 5** - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



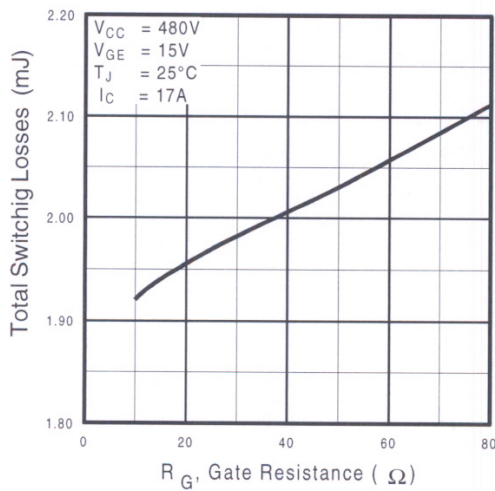
**Fig. 6** - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



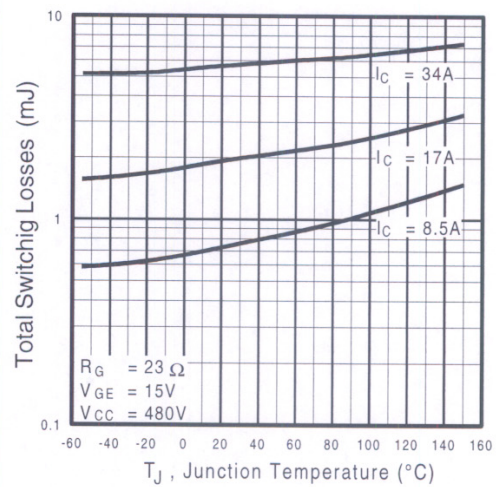
**Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage**



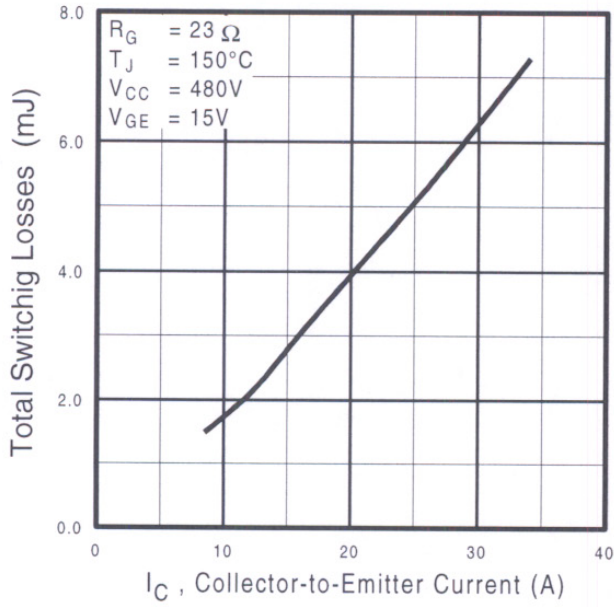
**Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**



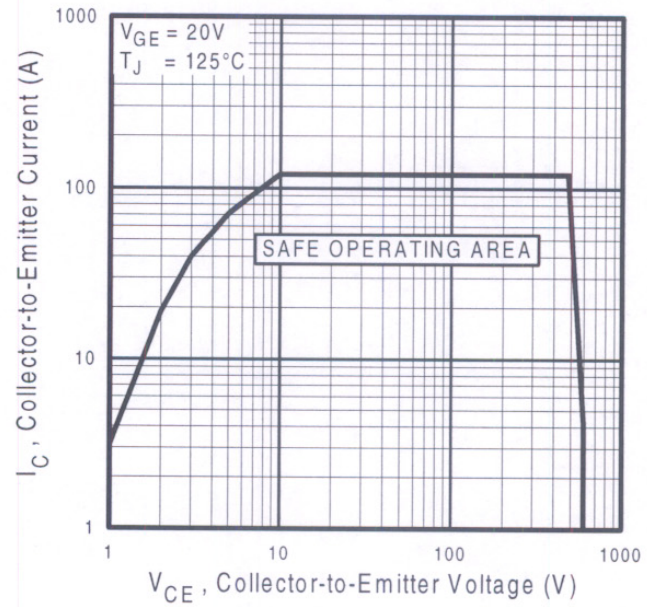
**Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance**



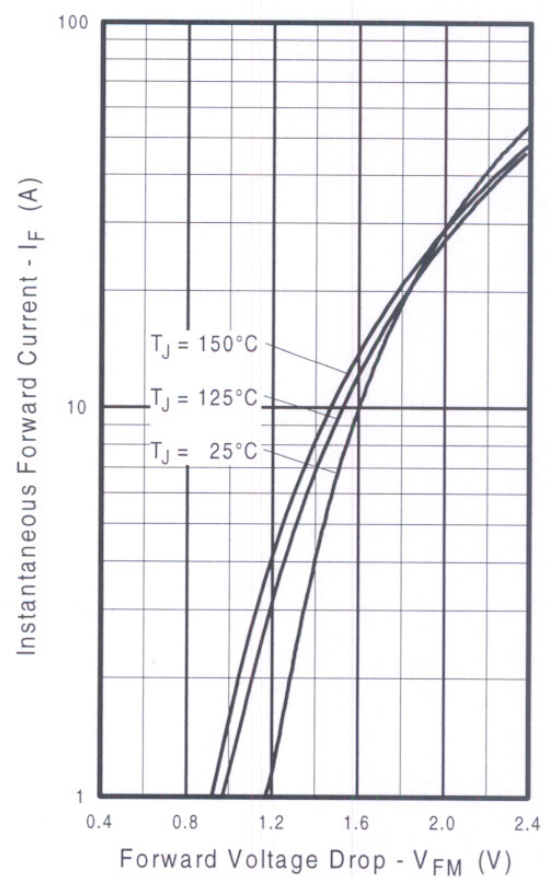
**Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature**



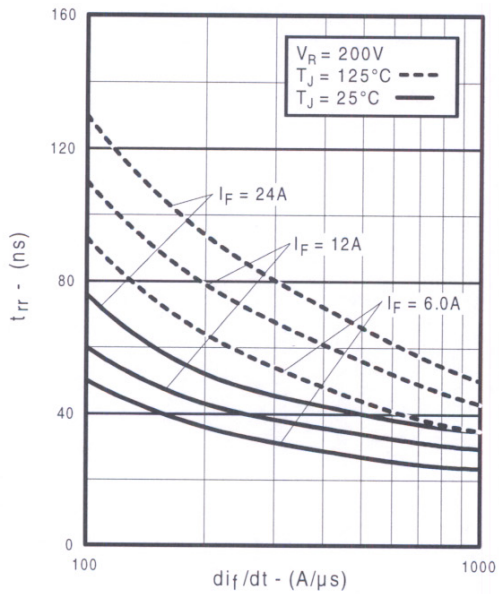
**Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current**



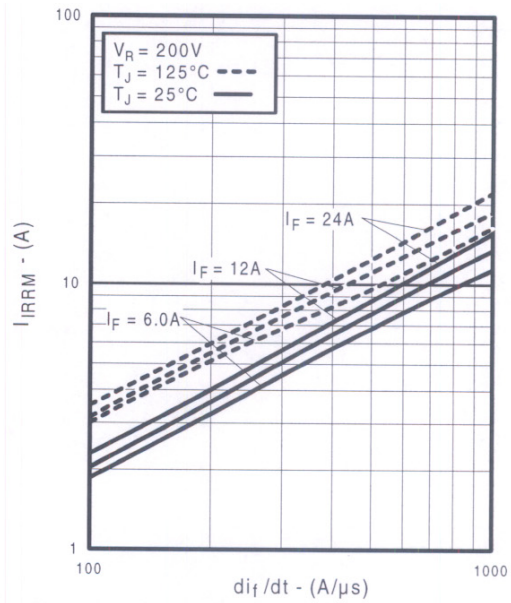
**Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA**



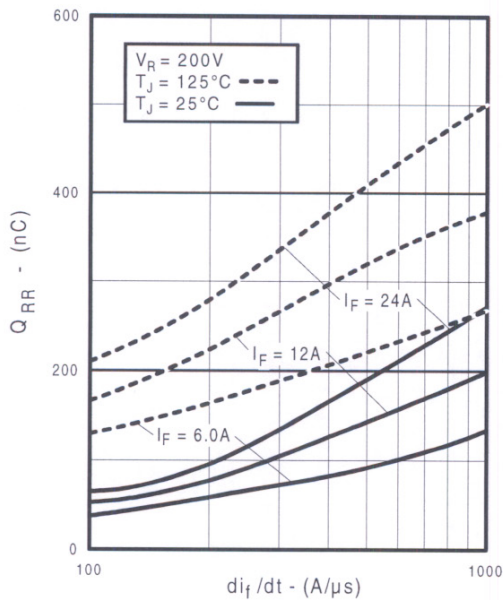
**Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current**



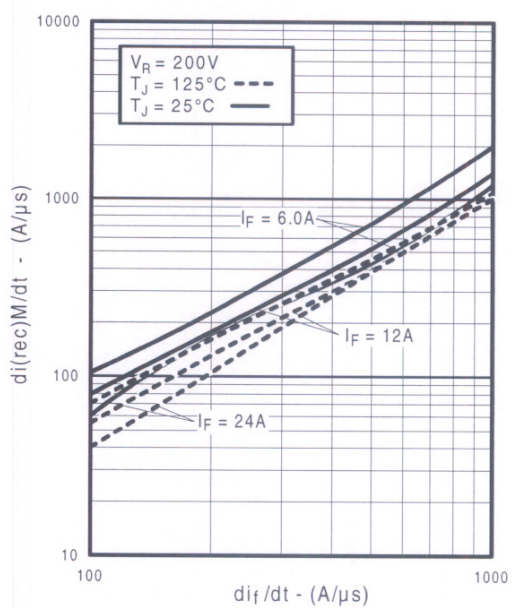
**Fig. 14** - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$



**Fig. 15** - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$

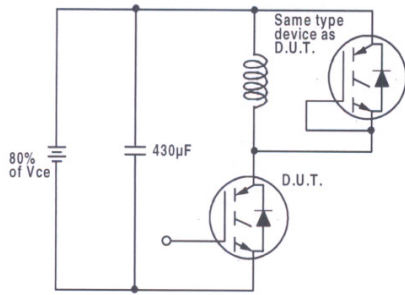


**Fig. 16** - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$

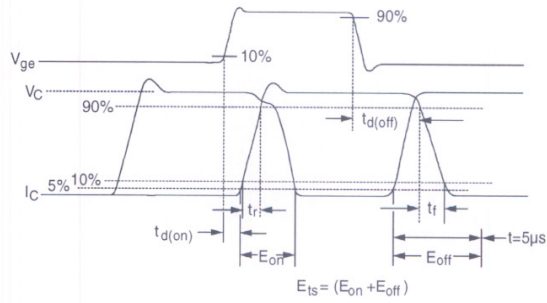


**Fig. 17** - Typical  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  vs.  $di_f/dt$

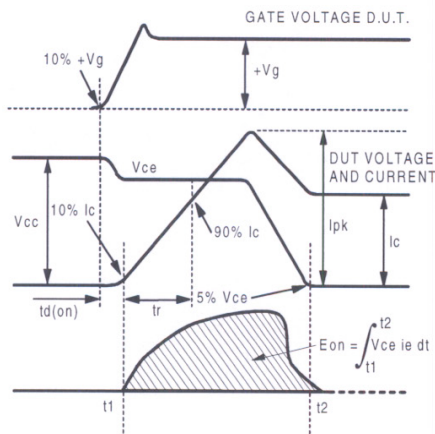




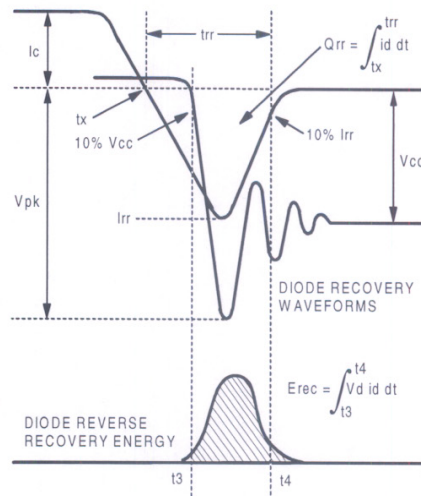
**Fig. 18a** - Test Circuit for Measurement of  $I_{LM}$ ,  $E_{on}$ ,  $E_{off}(\text{diode})$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18b** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{off}$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18c** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{on}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$



**Fig. 18d** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{rec}$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$



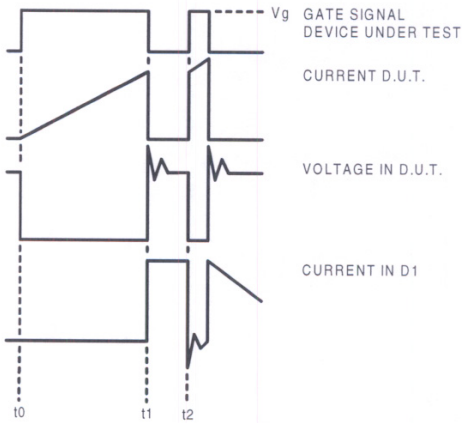


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

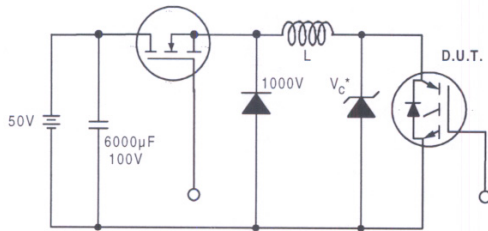


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

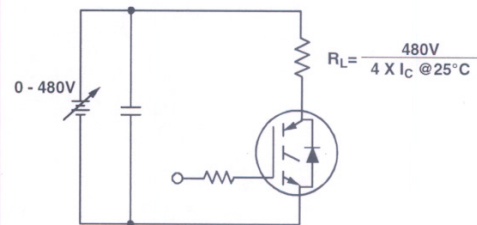


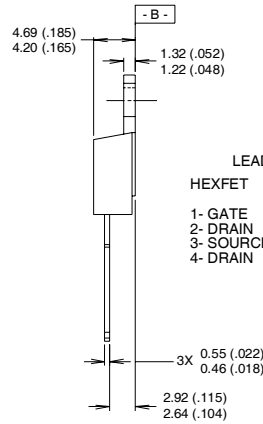
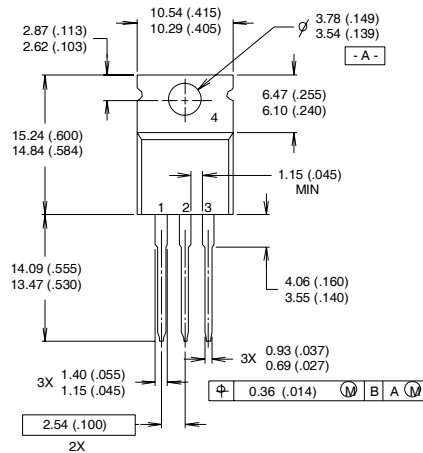
Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

# IRG4BC30FDPbF

International  
**IR** Rectifier

## TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET	IGBTs, CoPACK
1- GATE	1- GATE
2- DRAIN	2- COLLECTOR
3- SOURCE	3- EMITTER
4- DRAIN	4- COLLECTOR

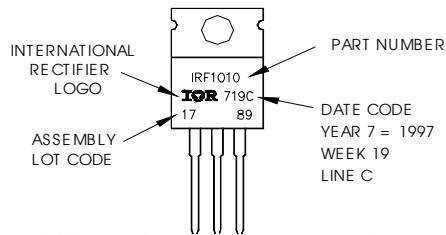
**NOTES:**

- 1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH

- 3 OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-220AB.
- 4 HEATSINK & LEAD MEASUREMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS.

## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010  
 LOT CODE 1789  
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"  
**Note:** "P" in assembly line  
 position indicates "Lead-Free"



**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating:  $V_{GE}=20V$ ; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ②  $V_{CC}=80\% (V_{CES})$ ,  $V_{GE}=20V$ ,  $L=10\mu H$ ,  $R_G = 23\Omega$  (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 80\mu s$ ; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$ .
- ④ Pulse width 5.0 $\mu s$ , single shot.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>