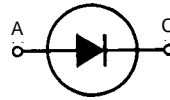


# Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED)

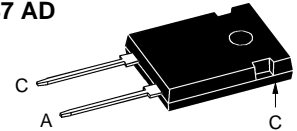
**DSEI 30**

**$I_{FAVM} = 26 \text{ A}$**   
 **$V_{RRM} = 1200 \text{ V}$**   
 **$t_{rr} = 40 \text{ ns}$**

$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$	Type
V	V	
1200	1200	DSEI 30-12A



**TO-247 AD**



A = Anode, C = Cathode

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{FRMS}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	70	A
$I_{FAVM}$ ①	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; rectangular, $d = 0.5$	26	A
$I_{FRM}$	$t_p < 10 \mu\text{s}$ ; rep. rating, pulse width limited by $T_{VJM}$	375	A
$I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	200	A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	210	A
	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	185	A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	195	A
$I^2t$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	200	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	180	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	170	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	160	A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+150	°C
$T_{VJM}$		150	°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	138	W
$M_d$	Mounting torque	0.8...1.2	Nm
Weight		6	g

## Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-247 AD
- Planar passivated chips
- Very short recovery time
- Extremely low switching losses
- Low  $I_{RM}$ -values
- Soft recovery behaviour
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

## Applications

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Anti saturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode in converters and motor control circuits
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Inductive heating and melting
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Ultrasonic cleaners and welders

## Advantages

- High reliability circuit operation
- Low voltage peaks for reduced protection circuits
- Low noise switching
- Low losses
- Operating at lower temperature or space saving by reduced cooling

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		typ.	max.
$I_R$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	750 $\mu\text{A}$
	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 0.8 \cdot V_{RRM}$	250 $\mu\text{A}$
	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 0.8 \cdot V_{RRM}$	7 mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 30 \text{ A}$ ;	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.2 V
		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.55 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only		1.65 V
$r_T$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		18.2 mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	0.25		0.9 K/W
$R_{thCK}$		K/W	
$R_{thJA}$		35 K/W	
$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ ; $-di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ; $V_R = 30 \text{ V}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	40	60 ns
$I_{RM}$	$V_R = 540 \text{ V}$ ; $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$ ; $-di_F/dt = 240 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $L \leq 0.05 \mu\text{H}$ ; $T_{VJ} = 100^\circ\text{C}$	16	18 A

①  $I_{FAVM}$  rating includes reverse blocking losses at  $T_{VJM}$ ,  $V_R = 0.8 V_{RRM}$ , duty cycle  $d = 0.5$   
 Data according to IEC 60747

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions