

PRELIMINARY

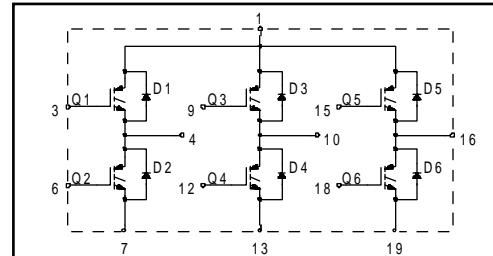
CPV364M4K

IGBT SIP MODULE

Features

- Short Circuit Rated UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies >5.0 kHz, and Short Circuit Rated to 10 μ s @ 125°C, V_{GE} = 15V
- Fully isolated printed circuit board mount package
- Switching-loss rating includes all "tail" losses
- HEXFRED™ soft ultrafast diodes
- Optimized for high operating frequency (over 5kHz)
See Fig. 1 for Current vs. Frequency curve

Short Circuit Rated UltraFast IGBT



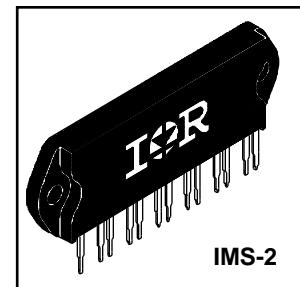
Product Summary

Output Current in a Typical 20 kHz Motor Drive

11 A_{RMS} per phase (3.1 kW total) with T_C = 90°C, T_J = 125°C, Supply Voltage 360Vdc,
Power Factor 0.8, Modulation Depth 115% (See Figure 1)

Description

The IGBT technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of IMS (Insulated Metal Substrate) Power Modules. These modules are more efficient than comparable bipolar transistor modules, while at the same time having the simpler gate-drive requirements of the familiar power MOSFET. This superior technology has now been coupled to a state of the art materials system that maximizes power throughput with low thermal resistance. This package is highly suited to motor drive applications and where space is at a premium.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
I _C @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current	24	A
I _C @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current	13	
I _{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	48	
I _{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	48	
t _{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	9.3	μs
V _{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	±20	V
V _{ISOL}	Isolation Voltage, any terminal to case, 1 min	2500	V _{RMS}
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation, each IGBT	63	W
P _D @ T _C = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation, each IGBT	25	
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	5-7 lbf·in (0.55-0.8 N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{θJC} (IGBT)	Junction-to-Case, each IGBT, one IGBT in conduction	—	2.0	°C/W
R _{θJC} (DIODE)	Junction-to-Case, each diode, one diode in conduction	—	3.0	
R _{θCS} (MODULE)	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	0.10	—	
Wt	Weight of module	20 (0.7)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	600	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$, $I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.63	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$
$V_{\text{CE}(\text{on})}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.80	2.3	V	$I_C = 13\text{A}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$
		—	1.80	—		$I_C = 24\text{A}$ See Fig. 2, 5
		—	1.56	—		$I_C = 13\text{A}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{\text{GE}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}}$, $I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{\text{GE}(\text{th})/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}}$, $I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ^④	11	18	—	S	$V_{\text{CE}} = 100\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}$
		—	—	3500		$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.3	1.7	V	$I_C = 15\text{A}$ See Fig. 13
		—	1.2	1.6		$I_C = 15\text{A}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{\text{GE}} = \pm 20\text{V}$

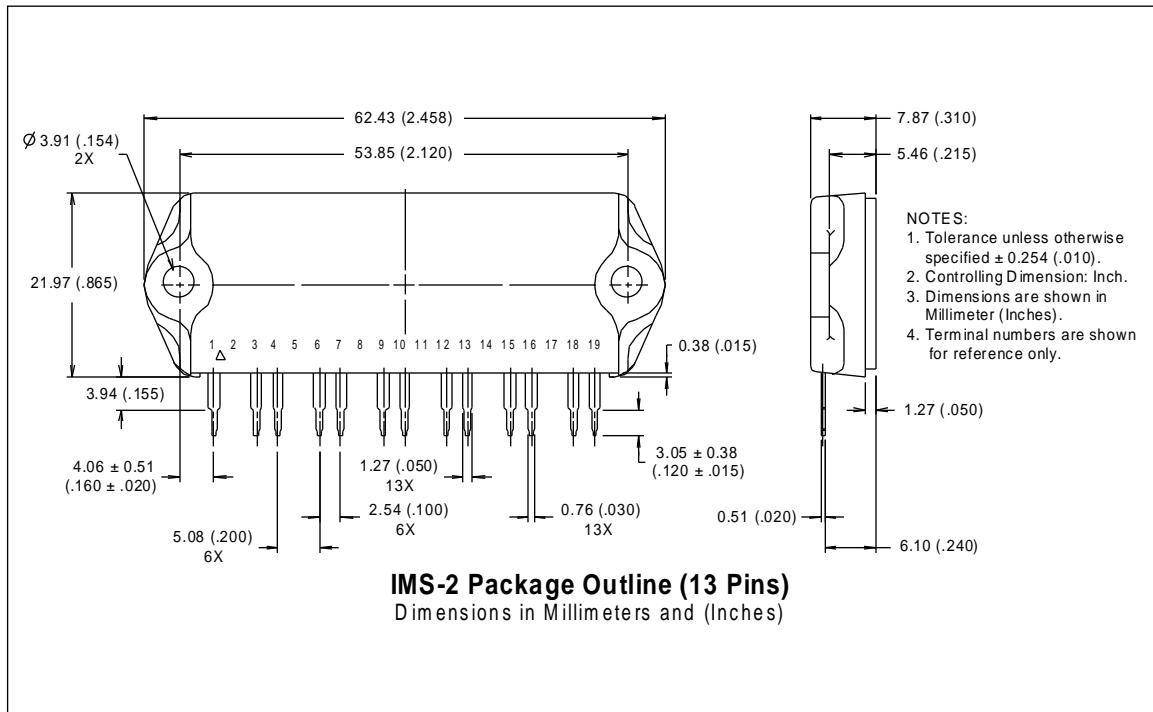
Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	110	170	nC	$I_C = 13\text{A}$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	14	21		$V_{\text{CC}} = 400\text{V}$ See Fig.8
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	49	74		$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	50	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 13\text{A}$, $V_{\text{CC}} = 480\text{V}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	30	—		
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	110	170		
t_f	Fall Time	—	91	140		
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.56	—	mJ	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery See Fig. 9,10, 18
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	0.28	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	0.84	1.1		
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	—	—	μs	$V_{\text{CC}} = 360\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$, $V_{\text{CPK}} < 500\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	47	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 11,18 $I_C = 13\text{A}$, $V_{\text{CC}} = 480\text{V}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	30	—		
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	250	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	150	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	1.28	—	mJ	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery See Fig. 9,10, 18
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	7.5	—	nH	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1600	—	pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	130	—	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 30\text{V}$ See Fig. 7 $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	55	—		
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	42	60	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	74	120		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 14
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.0	6.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	6.5	10		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 15
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	80	180	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	220	600		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 16
$dI_{(\text{rec})\text{M}}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	188	—	A/ μs	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	160	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 17

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
 - ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ (Figure 19)
 - ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
 - ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

Case Outline — IMS-2



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